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UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL

(Only for new nonprovisional applications under 37 C.F.R. § 1.53(b))

Attorney Docket No. 367.39104X00

First Inventor or Application Identifier Winand D'SOUZA

Title A PORTABLE ELECTRONICS DEVICE

Express Mail Label No.

APPLICATION ELEMENTS		ADDRESS TO:	
See MPEP chapter 600 concerning utility patent application contents.		Assistant Commissioner for Patents Box Patent Application Washington, DC 20231	
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2. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Specification [Total Pages 12] (preferred arrangement set forth below) <ul style="list-style-type: none">- Descriptive title of the Invention- Cross References to Related Applications- Statement Regarding Fed sponsored R & D- Reference to Microfiche Appendix- Background of the Invention- Brief Summary of the Invention- Brief Description of the Drawings (if filed)- Detailed Description- Claim(s)- Abstract of the Disclosure		6. Nucleotide and/or Amino Acid Sequence Submission (if applicable, all necessary) <ul style="list-style-type: none">a. <input type="checkbox"/> Computer Readable Copyb. <input type="checkbox"/> Paper Copy (identical to computer copy)c. <input type="checkbox"/> Statement verifying identity of above copies	
3. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Drawing(s) (35 U.S.C. 113) [Total Sheets 4]		ACCOMPANYING APPLICATION PARTS	
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TOTAL AMOUNT OF PAYMENT (\$710.00)

Complete if Known

Application Number
Filing Date October 10, 2000
First Named Inventor Winand D'SOUZA
Examiner Name
Group / Art Unit
Attorney Docket No. 367.39104X00

METHOD OF PAYMENT (check one)

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FEE CALCULATION

1. BASIC FILING FEE

Large Entity Fee Code	Small Entity Fee Code	Fee Description	Fee Paid
101 690	201 345	Utility filing fee	710.00
106 310	206 155	Design filing fee	
107 480	207 240	Plant filing fee	
108 690	208 345	Reissue filing fee	
114 150	214 75	Provisional filing fee	

SUBTOTAL (1) (\$710.00)

2. EXTRA CLAIM FEES

Total Claims	Extra Claims	Fee from below	Fee Paid	
17	-20** = 0	18	0	
Independent Claims	2	-3** = 0	80	0
Multiple Dependent			0	

**or number previously paid, if greater; For Reissues, see below

Large Entity Fee Code	Small Entity Fee Code	Fee Description	Fee Paid
103 18	203 9	Claims in excess of 20	
102 78	202 39	Independent claims in excess of 3	
104 260	204 130	Multiple dependent claim, if not paid	
109 78	209 39	** Reissue independent claims over original patent	
110 18	210 9	** Reissue claims in excess of 20 and over original patent	

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FEE CALCULATION (continued)

3. ADDITIONAL FEES

Large Entity Fee Code	Small Entity Fee Code	Fee Description	Fee Paid
105 130	205 65	Surcharge - late filing fee or oath	0.00
127 50	227 25	Surcharge - late provisional filing fee or cover sheet	0.00
139 130	139 130	Non-English specification	0.00
147 2,520	147 2,520	For filing a request for reexamination	0.00
112 920*	112 920*	Requesting publication of SIR prior to Examiner action	0.00
113 1,840*	113 1,840*	Requesting publication of SIR after Examiner action	0.00
115 110	215 55	Extension for reply within first month	0.00
116 380	216 190	Extension for reply within second month	0.00
117 870	217 435	Extension for reply within third month	0.00
118 1,360	218 680	Extension for reply within fourth month	0.00
128 1,850	228 925	Extension for reply within fifth month	0.00
119 300	219 150	Notice of Appeal	0.00
120 300	220 150	Filing a brief in support of an appeal	0.00
121 260	221 130	Request for oral hearing	0.00
138 1,510	138 1,510	Petition to institute a public use proceeding	0.00
140 110	240 55	Petition to revive - unavoidable	0.00
141 1,210	241 605	Petition to revive - unintentional	0.00
142 1,210	242 605	Utility issue fee (or reissue)	0.00
143 430	243 215	Design issue fee	0.00
144 580	244 290	Plant issue fee	0.00
122 130	122 130	Petitions to the Commissioner	0.00
123 50	123 50	Petitions related to provisional applications	0.00
126 240	126 240	Submission of Information Disclosure Stmt	0.00
581 40	581 40	Recording each patent assignment per property (times number of properties)	0.00
146 690	246 345	Filing a submission after final rejection (37 CFR § 1.129(a))	0.00
149 690	249 345	For each additional invention to be examined (37 CFR § 1.129(b))	0.00
Other fee (specify)			0.00
Other fee (specify)			0.00

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SUBMITTED BY

Name (Print/Type) Carl I. Brundidge

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Telephone 703-312-6600

Signature

Date 10/10/2000

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IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicants: W. D'SOUZA
Serial No.: Not yet assigned
Filed: October 10, 2000
For: PORTABLE ELECTRONICS DEVICE
Group: Not yet assigned
Examiner: Not yet assigned

PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

Assistant Commissioner for Patents
Washington, D.C. 20231

October 10, 2000

Sir:

Prior to examination, please amend the above-identified application as follows.

IN THE SPECIFICATION

Please amend the specification as follows:

Page 9, line 25, delete "What is claimed is:".

IN THE CLAIMS

Page 10, line 1, insert --What is claimed is:--

Please amend claims 2-6 as follows:

2. (Amended) A device according to [any preceding] claim 1, wherein an attenuator is provided between the transducer and the outlet for the egress of the acoustic signal when in the earpiece mode.

3. (Amended) A device according to claim 1, [or 2] further comprising an amplifier for amplifying the electrical signal prior to inputting to the transducer and a gain control

for controlling the gain of the amplifier, the gain control being operable to increase the gain of the amplifier when the device is to operate in a loudspeaker mode relative to the gain of the amplifier when the device is in an earpiece mode.

4. (Amended) A device according to claim 1, [2 or 3 including] further comprising:

a first housing and a second housing coupled together in a moveable manner[, the device further comprising]; and

a detector for detecting the position of one housing relative to the other and for operating the gain control switch accordingly.

5. (Amended) A device according to [any preceding] claim 1, wherein the difference in gain between the two modes is around 30 dB.

6. (Amended) A device according to [any preceding] claim 1, wherein the device is a portable communications device.

Please add new claims 8-17 as follows:

-- 8. A device according to claim 2, further comprising an amplifier for amplifying the electrical signal prior to inputting to the transducer and a gain control for controlling the gain of the amplifier, the gain control being operable to increase the gain of the amplifier when the device is to

15. A device according to claim 3, wherein the device is a portable communications device.

16. A device according to claim 4, wherein the device is a portable communications device.

17. A device according to claim 5, wherein the device is a portable communications device.--

IN THE ABSTRACT

Line 3, delete "comprising" insert --including--.

REMARKS

Entry of the above amendments prior to examination is respectfully requested.

Please charge any shortage in fees due in connection with the filing of this paper, or credit any overpayment of fees, to the deposit account of Antonelli, Terry, Stout & Kraus, LLP, Deposit Account No. 01-2135 (367.39104X00).

Respectfully submitted,

ANTONELLI, TERRY, STOUT & KRAUS, LLP



Carl I. Brundidge
Registration No. 29,621

CIB/jdc
(703) 312-6600

Portable electronics deviceBackground of the Invention

5

This invention relates to a portable electronics device incorporating an electro-acoustic transducer.

A transducer is a device that converts energy from one medium to another.

10 The invention is particularly directed to an electro-acoustic transducer, which converts an electrical signal into an acoustic signal.

Summary of the Invention

15 In accordance with the invention there is provided a portable device comprising: a housing having a first surface with an outlet for the egress of an acoustic signal when in a loudspeaker mode and a second surface with an outlet for the egress of an acoustic signal when in the earpiece mode; and an electro-acoustic transducer located within the housing for converting an
20 electrical signal input to the transducer into an acoustic signal, the transducer being operable to output acoustic signals when in the loudspeaker mode or the earpiece mode, the audio path between the transducer and the outlet for the egress of an acoustic signal when in the loudspeaker mode being less attenuated than the audio path between the transducer and the outlet for the
25 egress of an acoustic signal when in the earpiece mode.

Such an arrangement means that a single transducer may be used for providing both the loudspeaker mode (i.e. an acoustic output at a level suitable for listeners in the general vicinity of the device) and the earpiece
30 mode (i.e. an acoustic output at a level suitable for a single listener with the device near to the listener's ear), which therefore saves space within the

device. In addition, the higher attenuation between the earpiece outlet and the transducer relative to that between the loudspeaker outlet and the transducer means that a user who places the earpiece outlet to their ear whilst the device is in loudspeaker mode will be subjected to a quieter output than that from the loudspeaker outlet.

The invention has particular application to communications devices which incorporate telephony functionality but is also applicable to other portable devices which may operate in a "personal" earpiece mode and a loudspeaker mode (e.g. a personal stereo).

The device may incorporate a first housing and a second housing coupled together in a moveable manner. Preferably the device further includes a detector for detecting the position of one housing relative to the other and for operating the gain control switch accordingly.

A mechanical attenuator may be provided between the transducer and the outlet for the egress of the acoustic signal when in the earpiece mode.

The device may also include an amplifier for amplifying the electrical signal prior to its input to the transducer and a gain control for controlling the gain of the amplifier. The gain control is preferably operable to increase the gain of the amplifier when the device is to operate in a loudspeaker mode relative to the gain of the amplifier when the device is in an earpiece mode. Preferably the difference in gain between the two modes is around 30 dB.

Brief Description of the Drawings

The invention will now be described, by way of example only, with reference to the accompanying drawings in which:

Figure 1 shows a first embodiment of a portable device in accordance with the invention;

Figure 2 shows a cross-sectional view along line A-A of the device shown in Figure 1;

Figure 3 is a schematic diagram of the electronic components of the device in accordance with the invention;

5 Figure 3a is an exemplary gain control circuit;

Figure 4 shows a side view of a second embodiment of a device according to the invention having a hinged portion, the device being in a closed position;

Figure 5 shows the device of Figure 4 in an open position;

10 Figure 6 shows a third embodiment of a device according to the invention; and

Figure 7 shows the device of Figure 7 in an open position.

Detailed Description of the Invention

15 As shown in Figure 1, a portable communications device 2 according to a first embodiment of the invention generally incorporates a main housing 20. The main housing has a front face 201, a rear face 202, side faces 204a,b, a upper side face 206 which forms the top of the device and a lower side face 208 which forms the bottom side of the device. The device has a display 22,
20 a user input device in the form of an alphanumeric keypad 23 and an antenna 26. The front face 201 of the housing has an inlet 24 for the ingress of an acoustic signal to a microphone and an outlet 25 for the egress of an acoustic signal from an earpiece to a user's ear. The rear face 202 of the housing has an outlet 27 (see Figure 2) for the egress of an acoustic signal when the
25 device is used in a loudspeaker, or so-called hands-free, mode. The device includes a button 21 with which a user selects the hands-free mode.

Figure 2 shows a cross-sectional view along the line A-A of the device shown in Figure 1. The device includes a multi-functional electro-acoustic transducer
30 28. The transducer is multi-functional in that it provides the acoustics for at least the hands-free mode and the earpiece mode. The transducer may be a loudspeaker. The transducer may also provide buzzer and/or vibrating

functions. An example of such a transducer 28 is the CMS-ISA multifunction transducer from Citizen™. This transducer provides earpiece, hands-free, buzzer and vibration functions.

- 5 The transducer 28 is provided adjacent the outlet 27 so as to provide a relatively unimpeded acoustic path from the transducer to the outlet 27 compared with the acoustic path from the transducer to the outlet 25. The face of the transducer that provides the major acoustic output faces the outlet 27. Preferably the transducer is attached directly to the inside surface of the
10 rear face 202 of the housing, adjacent the outlet 27.

- The acoustic path from the transducer to the earpiece outlet 25 is restricted so as to output an attenuated acoustic signal from the earpiece outlet 25. This may be achieved by restricting the open area of the aperture 30 and
15 outlet 25. Typically the area of the aperture 30 and the outlet 25 is significantly smaller than the open area of the hands-free outlet 27. A printed circuit board (PCB) 29, on which are mounted the electronics of the device, is housed within the housing 20 and generally between the transducer 28 and the earpiece outlet 25. An aperture 30 is formed in the PCB 29 on a level with
20 the earpiece outlet 25, to provide a restricted acoustic path 31 from the rear of the transducer 28 to the earpiece outlet 25.

- An acoustic attenuator 32 may be provided adjacent the earpiece 25 to attenuate the acoustic signal from the transducer 28 to a level suitable for the
25 earpiece.

- Thus a single transducer may be used to provide both the output to the earpiece outlet 25 and the hands-free outlet 27. The audio path from the transducer 28 to the earpiece outlet 25 is designed so as to attenuate the
30 audio output from the transducer sufficiently compared with the audio output which reaches the hands-free outlet 27.

Figure 3 is a schematic illustration of the phone 2. The phone 2 has the previously described antenna 26, hands-free button 21, input device (keypad) 23, microphone 24, display 22, and transducer 28. In addition the phone has a processor 33, a transceiver 34 and a memory 35. The antenna 26 is connected to the transceiver 34. The transceiver has reception circuitry for receiving radio frequency signals encoded with data. It processes the received signals as is known in the art to provide the data in digital form to the processor 33. This data may be a voice message or part of a phone conversation in which case the processor controls the transducer 28 to provide an audible output to the user. Alternatively the data may be part of an alphanumeric message in which case the processor 33 is operable to provide the message on the display. The transceiver has transmission circuitry which is provided with digital data from the processor 33 which may have been input via the microphone 24 or via the input device 23 as alphanumeric characters. The transmission circuitry produces radio frequency signals encoded with that data. The processor is connected to memory 35 to which it can write and from which it can read. The memory 35 typically stores software, which controls the functioning of the processor and the phone. In particular the software controls how the processor responds to inputs and what outputs it provides.

20

The processor is connected to the display 22 and to the transducer 28. It controls the output provided by these devices.

The processor is arranged to receive an input from the microphone 24, the input device (keypad) 23, an on/off button (not shown), and the hands-free button 21.

As shown in Figure 3, when the button 21 is operated to select hands-free, a gain control signal is sent from the processor 33 to a power amplifier 36. This increases the gain of the power amplifier 36 and so increases the amplitude of the acoustic signal output by the transducer 28. Typically the difference in gain between the earpiece mode and the hands-free mode is around 30 dB.

When the user de-selects the hands-free mode, by operating the key 21, the gain control signal is switched off so reducing the gain of the power amplifier 36.

- 5 Figure 3a shows in more detail an example of a gain control circuit associated with the transducer 28. The feed back loop of the power amplifier 36 comprises two resistors 361, 362 and a switch 363. When the gain of the power amplifier is to be increased, the gain control signal from the processor 33 causes the switch 363 to close and so connect resistor 362 into the
10 feedback loop.

- Figures 4 and 5 illustrate a second embodiment of a portable communications device in accordance with the invention. The phone has a body portion 42 and a cover portion 40 connected by a hinge 44. The cover is movable
15 between a closed position as illustrated in Figure 4 and an open position as illustrated in Figure 5.

- The body portion 42 includes a back face 421 which forms the back of the phone, lateral side faces 422a and 422b which form the sides of the phone, an upper side face 424 which forms the top side of the phone, a lower side
20 face 426 which forms the bottom side of the phone, and a front face 428 which is exposed when the cover is in the open position and concealed when the cover is in the closed position. The body has: an antenna 26 on its upper side face 424; a microphone 24 on its lower side face 426; and a display 22, a
25 user input device 23 and a hands-free button 21 on its front face 428. The button may be actuated by a user.

- The cover portion 40 has an exterior surface 402, which is accessible when the cover is in the closed position, and an interior surface 404, which is
30 inaccessible when the cover is in the closed position but is exposed when the cover is in the open position. The transducer 28 is provided in the cover 40 and the display is provided in the body 42. The cover portion has on its

exterior surface 402 an outlet 27 for the hands-free acoustics. The cover portion has on its interior surface 404 an outlet 25 for the earpiece acoustics.

As in the first embodiment, the acoustic path from the transducer 28 to the earpiece outlet 25 is attenuated more than that from the transducer 28 to the hands-free outlet 27. In the example shown this is achieved by the total open area of the outlet 25 being less than that of the total open area of the outlet 27. Again apertures in the PCB between the transducer and the earpiece outlet may attenuate the acoustic output from the transducer.

10

As in the first embodiment a key 21 may be provided for the user to select hands-free mode. A gain control signal is generated in response to a user selecting hands-free mode by pressing the hands-free button 21. Additionally or alternatively a gain control signal may be generated in response to the output of a detector 48. This detector 48 comprises a contact 48a on the inner surface of the first housing 40 and a contact 48b on the inner surface of the second housing 42. When the two contacts 48a, 48b are in contact (as shown in Figure 4) the device is arranged to be in hands-free mode and when the contacts are not in contact (as shown in Figure 5) the device is arranged to be in earpiece mode. Thus, when the device is closed, as shown in Figure 4, the switch 363 is closed. The gain of the power amplifier is therefore increased and hence the output of the transducer is increased to a level suitable for hands-free operation.

When the device is opened, as shown in Figure 5, the contacts 48a, 48b separate, so causing the switch 363 to change position and so switch out the extra gain. The gain to the power amplifier 36 is therefore decreased and so the amplitude of the output of the transducer is decreased.

Preferably the hands-free key 21 is arranged so that a user may use this key 21 to over-ride the detector 48 and select hands-free when the device is in the open position. This may be useful if a user wishes to use other functions of

the phone (e.g. calendar, notebook etc.) when the device is in a position in which earpiece mode is the default.

5 An aperture 45 is provided in the cover 40 to allow a user to view the display 22 when the device is closed. The aperture is positioned and sized so that when the cover is in the closed position at least a portion of the display 22 is visible through the aperture 45 to the user. The aperture may be covered with a transparent material to allow the user to see the portion of the display 22.

10 When the cover is in the closed position the interior surface 404 of the cover 40 abuts with the front face 428 of the body 42. The cover is arranged and sized to enclose the input device 23 and display 22 to prevent access by the user. A portion of the display 22 may, however, be viewed by a user through the aperture 45.

15 When the cover is in the open position the front face 428 of the body and the interior surface 404 of the cover 40 form an oblique angle of between 135 and 175 degrees. In this configuration the whole of the display 22 is exposed, the user input device 23 is exposed and the microphone 24 on the lower side face 20 426 of the body 42 and the outlet 25 on the interior surface 404 of the cover 40 are at their maximal separation.

A button (not illustrated) may be provided to open the cover, for instance by mechanical action. The natural or low energy configuration for the phone is 25 when the cover is open. The cover is biased to be in the open position. When a user closes the cover, the cover is rotated on its hinge 44 against that bias and the cover 40 and body 42 are brought into contact. The cover 40 is latched in this closed position. Activating the open cover button releases the latch and the cover springs open.

30

Figures 6 and 7 show a further embodiment of a device according to the invention. Such a device is similar to the Communicator range of portable

communications devices, in which the device is usually in earpiece mode when the device is closed and in hands-free mode when the device is open. The device of Figure 6 differs from that shown in Figure 4 in that the outlet 25 for the earpiece mode is provided in the outer surface 402 of the cover 40 and the outlet 27 for the hands-free mode is provided in the inner surface 404 of the cover 40. A gain control signal is generated (either in response to a detector 48 or in response to user actuation of the hands-free key 21) when the device is open and not when the device is closed. Thus the device defaults to earpiece mode when the device is closed.

Although devices in which the cover and the body are coupled together in a hinged manner have been described, the invention is also applicable to devices having two housings connected together in other moveable manners, e.g. housings which slide relative to each other.

The present invention may include any novel feature or combination of features disclosed herein either explicitly or implicitly or any generalisation thereof irrespective of whether or not it relates to the present claimed invention or mitigates any or all of the problems addressed. In view of the foregoing description it will be evident to a person skilled in the art that various modifications may be made within the scope of the invention. For instance, although a telecommunications device has been described the invention is applicable to any device in which a transducer is used to provide both the loudspeaker mode and the earpiece mode.

What is claimed is:

1. A portable device comprising:
- 5 a housing having a first surface with an outlet for the egress of an acoustic signal when in a loudspeaker mode and a second surface with an outlet for the egress of an acoustic signal when in the earpiece mode;
- an electro-acoustic transducer located within the housing for converting an electrical signal input to the transducer into an acoustic signal, the transducer being operable to output acoustic signals when in the loudspeaker mode or the earpiece mode, the audio path between the transducer and the
- 10 outlet for the egress of an acoustic signal when in the loudspeaker mode being less attenuated than the audio path between the transducer and the outlet for the egress of an acoustic signal when in the earpiece mode.
2. A device according to any preceding claim wherein an attenuator is
- 15 provided between the transducer and the outlet for the egress of the acoustic signal when in the earpiece mode.
3. A device according to claim 1 or 2 further comprising an amplifier for amplifying the electrical signal prior to inputting to the transducer and a gain
- 20 control for controlling the gain of the amplifier, the gain control being operable to increase the gain of the amplifier when the device is to operate in a loudspeaker mode relative to the gain of the amplifier when the device is in an earpiece mode.
- 25 4. A device according to claim 1, 2 or 3 including a first housing and a second housing coupled together in a moveable manner, the device further comprising a detector for detecting the position of one housing relative to the other and for operating the gain control switch accordingly.
- 30 5. A device according to any preceding claim wherein the difference in gain between the two modes is around 30 dB.

- 15

ABSTRACT

A portable device comprising a housing and an electro-acoustic transducer. The housing has a first surface with an outlet for the egress of an acoustic signal when in a loudspeaker mode and a second surface with an outlet for the egress of an acoustic signal when in an earpiece mode. The electro-acoustic transducer is located within the housing and converts an electrical signal input to the transducer into an acoustic signal. The transducer is operable to output acoustic signals when in the loudspeaker mode or the earpiece mode, the audio path between the transducer and the outlet for the egress of an acoustic signal when in the loudspeaker mode being less attenuated than the audio path between the transducer and the outlet for the egress of an acoustic signal when in the earpiece mode.

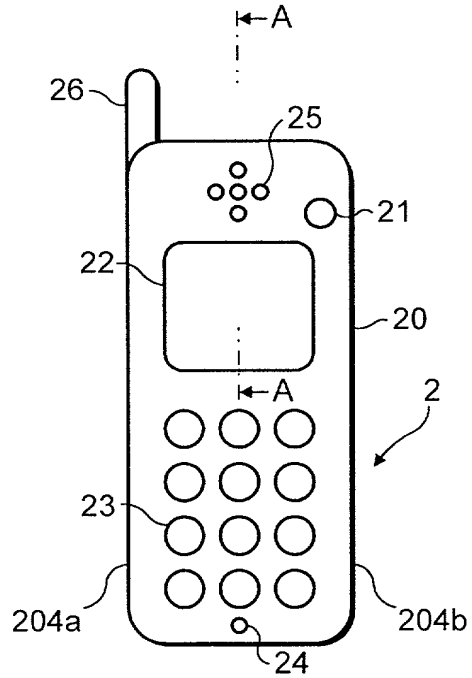


FIG. 1

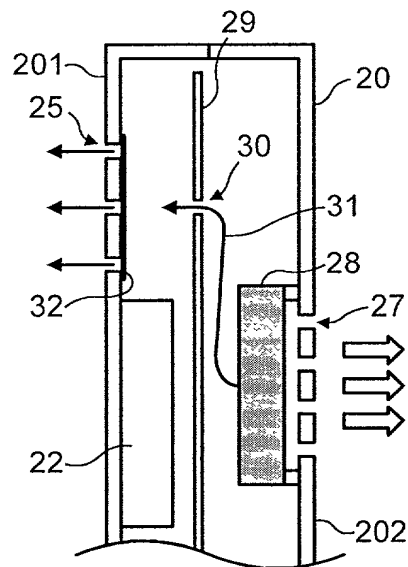


FIG. 2

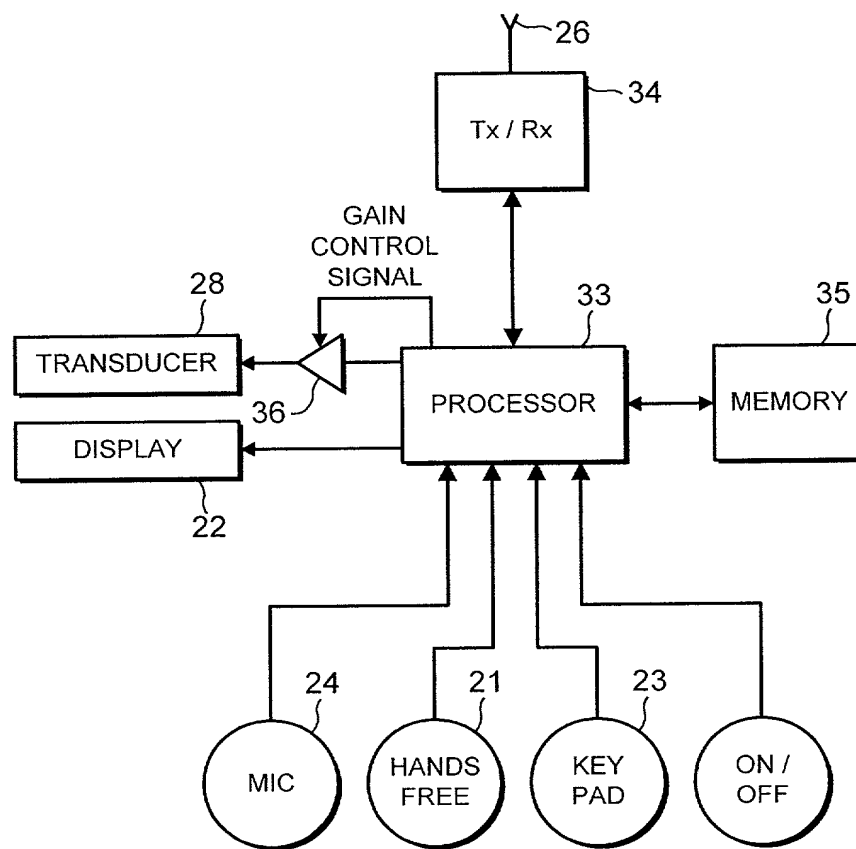


FIG. 3

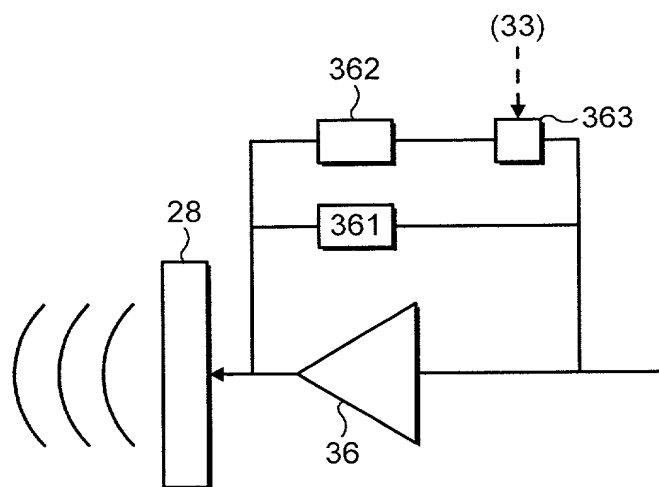


FIG. 3a

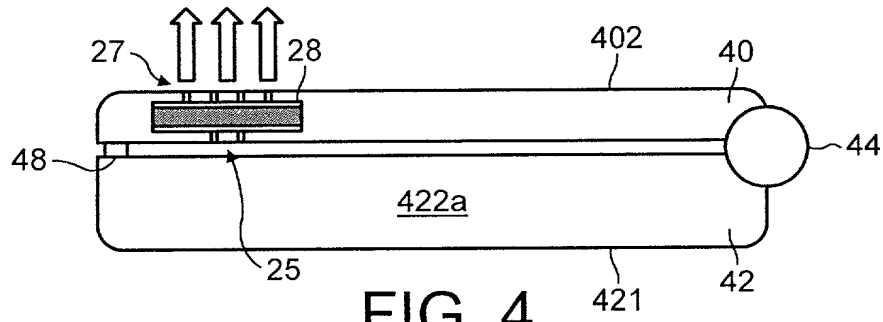


FIG. 4

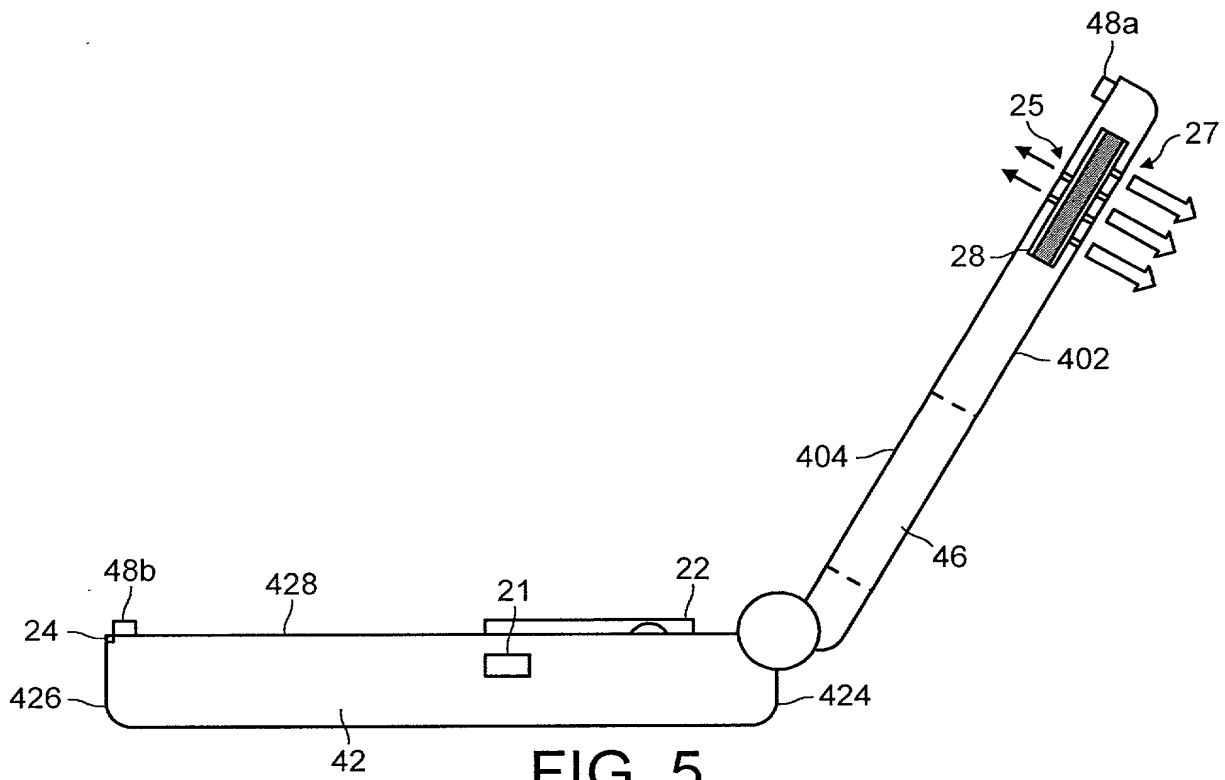


FIG. 5

